



The development process of Ecuador's IPM

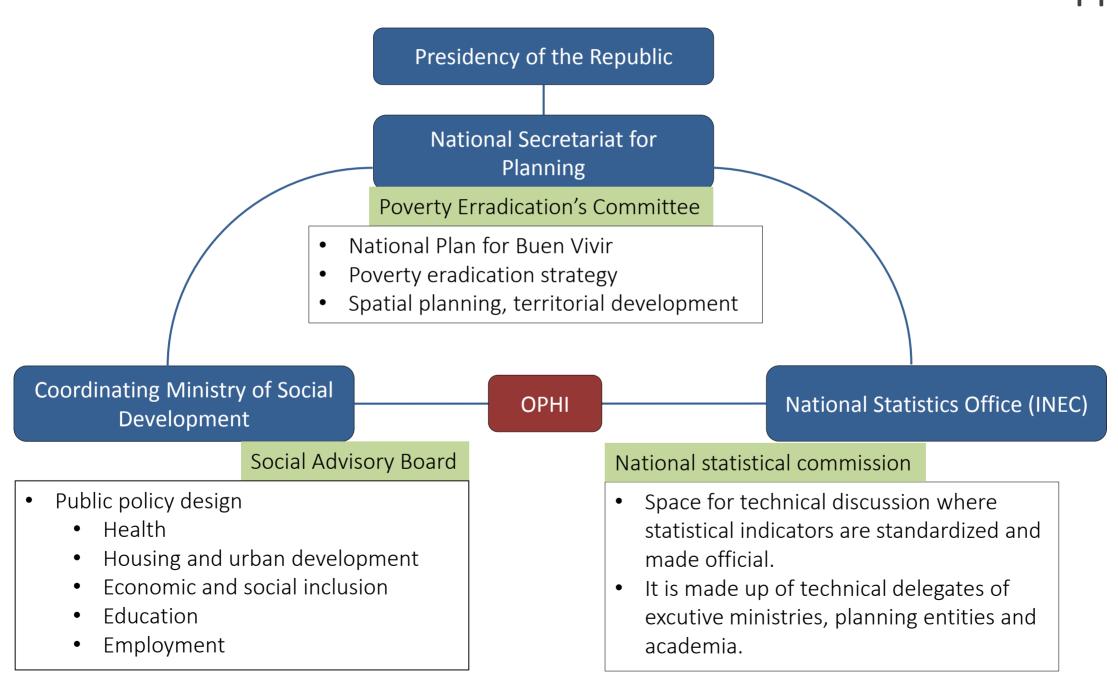
Understanding poverty under the framework of "Buen Vivir"

- "Buen Vivir" means <u>living a full life</u>, which entails living harmoniously with oneself, with others and with nature.
- The good life is achieved through the full exercise of constitutional rights.
- Article 14 of the Constitution establishes people's right to live in a healthy, ecologically balanced environment, which ensures sustainability and good living.
- Poverty eradication is a necessary initial condition to achieve "Buen Vivir".





The development process of Ecuador's IPM Institutional support





The development process of Ecuador's IPM Lessons learned



 Theoretical framework:

(Rights approach)

- Constitution
- National Plan

Estimate

2. Source of information

- Representativeness of the sample.
- Periodicity (cost benefit)

3. AF's method implementation

- Indicators (cut-offs): (Legal criteria)
- Weights:

(Robustness analysis)

 Multidimensional poverty line (k) (Consistency analysis) Dissemination

- 4. Communication strategy
 - Social media
 - Expert opinion
 - Launch event

5. Information transparency

- Executive report
- MPI technical note
- Database (.spss, .dta)
- Statistics program (do file)
- Statistical results tables (excel, csv)

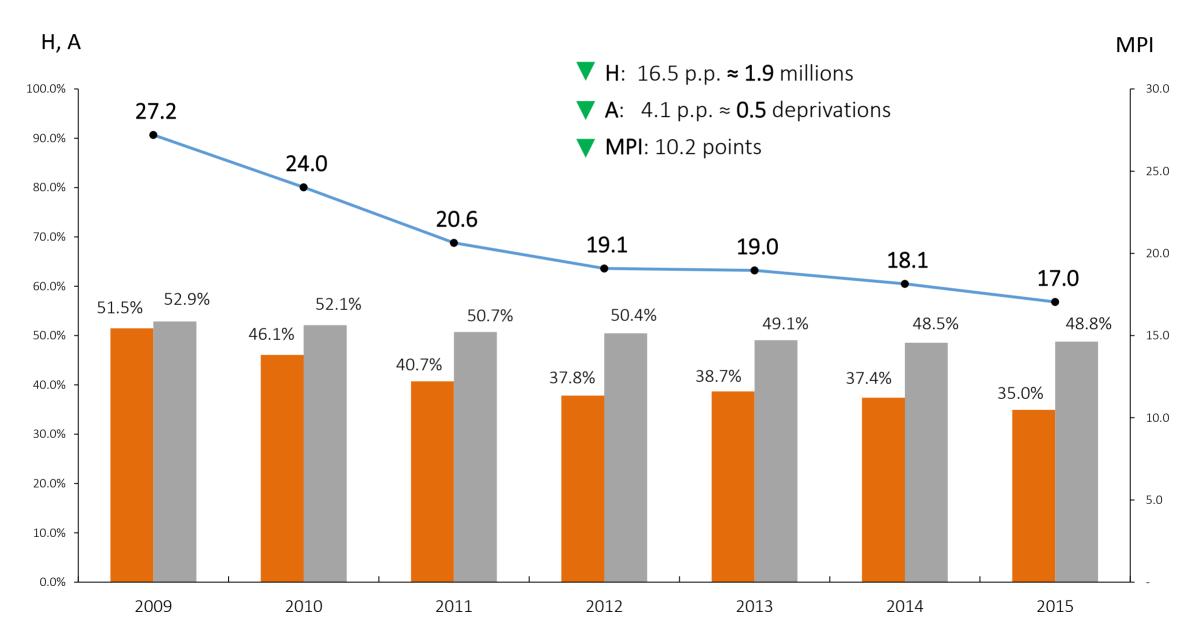


Structure of Ecuador's MPI Dimensions, weights, indicators

Education 8.3% 1. School attendance (5-17 years) 25% 8.3% 2. Higher education attendance (18-29 years)	
Education 25% 8.3% 2. Higher education attendance (18-29 years)	
8.3% 3. Educational attainment (18-64 years)	
8.3% 4. Child labor (5-17 years)	
and social and social security 5. Unemployment and inadequate employment (18 years and over	er)
8.3% 6. Non-contribution to pension system (15 years and over)	
Health, water 25% 12.5% 7. Extreme income poverty	
and sanitation 12.5% 8. Public water supply service	
6.25% 9. Overcrowding	
Housing and 25% 6.25% 10. Qualitative and quantitative housing deficit	
healthy environment 6.25% 11. Basic sanitation system	
6.25% 12. Waste collection services	



¿How many people are poor?, ¿how much poor are them? Multidimensional poverty trend



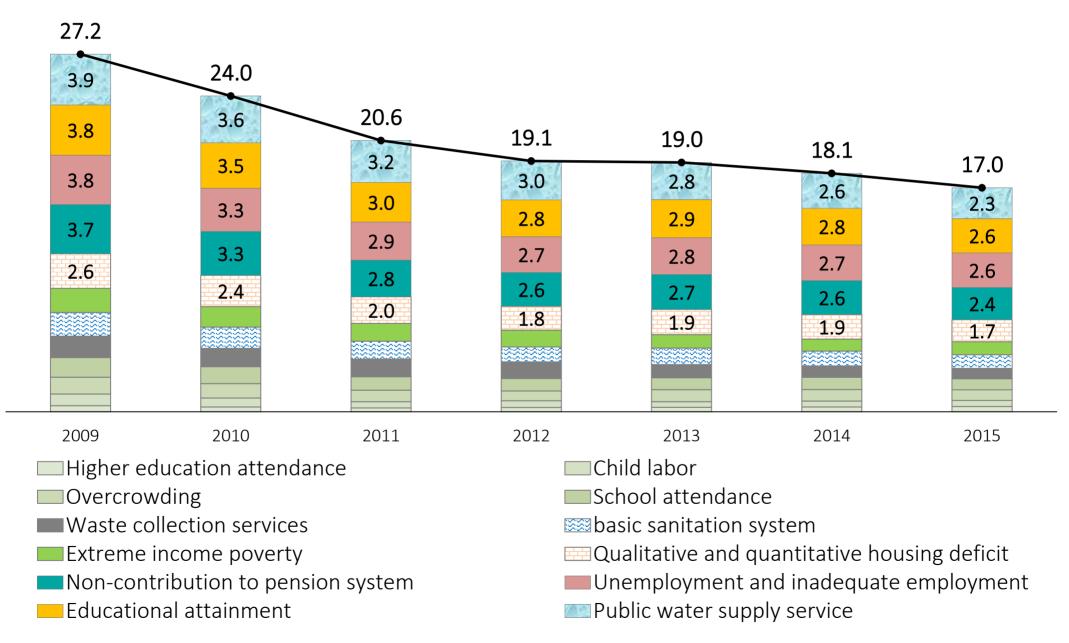
Source: Employment household survey

Note: MPI re-scaled x 100



¿Which dimensions are affecting into a greater or lesser extent?

Decomposition by deprivation



Source: Employment household survey

Note: MPI re-scaled x 100

